ired U.S. Government Employees—H.R. 533

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

## HON. ABRAHAM J. MULTER

OF NEW YORK
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, January 29, 1963

Mr. MULTER. Mr. Speaker, on Jantary 9, 1963, I introduced H.R. 533 to empt from income tax, annuities, and pensions paid by the United States to

It has long been believed that most pople should retire at 65 years of age. The weeker, every day more and more people eligible for retirement refuse to quit

because they find that their pension will inadequate to live on. Especially is this true for the Government employee the finds that his small annuity is further reduced by income taxes.

Anyone who retires on a pension or afinuity of \$3,000, \$4,000, or \$5,000 will usually be forced to live on an income considerably less than his former income. Steadily rising living costs and the depreciation of the dollar will make life the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of life an even more entirely the late years of the place further the decliping years of their lives when their expenses are especially high. Rather, the Government should encourage its people to retire and take steps to insure the property of Government employees. Pension payments from the income tax will provide a long step in the right direction.

I do not urge that the Congress should restore to all annuitants the same purchasing power they once had, but it can shall should allow them the same tax the should allow them the same tax the should allow them the same tax the should allow them the same tax should should allow others who draw reasons from the Federal Treasury. For the should should be s